

Bottle or Cup?

- · Your child should now be drinking from a cup or glass.
- Bottle-feeding or using a sippy cup after age 1 can lead to dental problems.
- Too much fluid may decrease your child's desire for solid foods.

Making Mealtimes Happy

- Serve small portions let children ask for seconds. Introduce new foods along with favorite foods.
- · Offer finger foods frequently.
- · Relax don't bribe or reward with food.
- Children are more likely to eat foods they help prepare.
- Don't force your child to eat.
- · Young children are easily distracted keep the television off when eating.
- · Offer foods with a variety of colors and textures.
- · Children like to eat with the rest of the family.



Physical Activity is Important

- · Play with your child every day.
- · An overweight child may not be healthy.
- · Limit screen time to less than 2 hours each day.

Normal Behavior

- · Food held in the mouth may be a way of tasting food.
- Your child may want to eat the same food for several days. Don't worry.
- Tastes change. Foods once refused may later be accepted. Keep trying!
- Playing with food could mean your child is not hungry, wants attention or is not feeling well.
- Be ready for spills and messes as your child learns to feed herself.



Growth and Appetite

- Expect your child's growth and appetite to slow down between the ages of 1 and 2 years.
- Appetites differ from day to day, from year to year, and from child to child. Let your child's appetite be the guide.
- By age 1 your child should be sleeping through the night. Offer a cup or glass of water rather than food or milk if your child wakes during the night.





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What to Feed Your 1-5 Year Old



Daily Amounts for Your 1–5 Year Old





Grain Group

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Vegetable Group



Fruit Group

1-11/2 Cups/day



Milk Group



Meat and Beans Group

2 Cups/day 2-4 Ounces/day

1-3 Year Old 3-5 Servings/day **Serving Size** ½ slice bread ½ cup dry cereal 1/4 cup cooked cereal ¼ cup cooked rice/pasta 3 crackers

1/4 cup cooked/raw = 1/4 cup ½ cup leafy = ¼ cup

1-11/2 Cups/day

½ medium fruit = ½ cup 1/4 cup cooked/raw = 1/4 cup 1/4 cup dried= 1/2 cup 4 oz. 100% juice = ½ cup

4 oz. milk = ½ cup* 4 oz. yogurt = ½ cup 1 oz. slice cheese = ½ cup 1 oz. cooked meat/fish/poultry = 1 oz. 1 egg = 1 oz.

1/4 cup salmon/tuna = 1 oz.

4-5 Servings 4-5 Year Old 11/2-2 Cups 1-11/2 Cups

Serving Size

1 slice bread 1 cup dry cereal ½ cup cooked cereal ½ cup cooked rice/pasta 5-6 crackers

½ cup cooked/raw = ½ cup 1 cup leafy = ½ cup

1 medium fruit = 1 cup ½ cup cooked/raw = ½ cup ½ cup dried = 1 cup 4 oz. 100% juice = ½ cup

2-3 Cups

4 oz. low fat milk = ½ cup 4 oz. low fat yogurt = ½ cup 1 oz. slice cheese = ½ cup

3-5 Ounces

¼ cup dried beans or peas = 1 oz.

2 oz. cooked meat/fish/poultry = 2 oz.

1 egg = 1 oz.

¼ cup salmon/tuna = 1 oz.

½ cup dried beans or peas = 2 oz.

1 Tbsp. peanut butter = 1 oz.

Sample Menu

Age	Breakfast	Snack	Lunch	Snack	Dinner	Snack
1-3 Year Old	4 oz. (½ cup) milk* ½ cup dry cereal ½ banana	4 oz. (½ cup) milk* ½ peach	4 oz. (½ cup) milk* ½ cheese sandwich (1 slice cheese on whole grain bread) ¼ cup peas	4 oz. (½ cup) orange juice 1-2 graham crackers	4 oz. (½ cup) milk* 1 chicken leg ½ cup rice ½ cup carrots	½ cup diced tomatoes & cucumbers
4-5 Year Old	4 oz. (½ cup) low fat milk 4 oz. (½ cup) 100% juice 1 scrambled egg ½ cup grits	4 oz. (½ cup) water ½ cup dry cereal ¼ cup raisins	4 oz. (½ cup) low fat milk 1 tuna sandwich (¼ cup tuna on whole grain bread) ½ cup green beans	4 oz. (½ cup) low fat milk 3-4 small carrot sticks	4 oz. (½ cup) low fat milk ½ cup pinto beans ½ cup collard greens 1 piece cornbread	1 medium banana

Remember:

- Offer water to your child.
- Little stomachs need small, frequent feedings. Throughout the day, try to include a variety of food groups.
- Children under age 2 may choke on raisins, grapes, hot dogs, nuts, popcorn, peanut butter, marshmallows, raw vegetables or other small, round, hard or sticky foods.